

Claims:

1. A method for the production of zinc acrylate, which comprises dispersing zinc oxide in any of (a) an aliphatic hydrocarbon solvent, (b) a mixed solvent formed between an aliphatic hydrocarbon solvent and an aromatic hydrocarbon solvent, and (c) a mixed solvent formed between an aromatic hydrocarbon solvent and an alcohol and causing acrylic acid to react with said zinc oxide in said solvent.
2. A method according to claim 1, wherein the reaction of said zinc oxide with acrylic acid in said solvent is performed in the presence of a higher fatty acid of 12 - 30 carbon atoms.
3. A method according to claim 1, wherein said aliphatic hydrocarbon solvent is an alkane having 6 - 10 carbon atoms, said alcohol is an alcohol having 1 - 8 carbon atoms, and said aromatic hydrocarbon solvent is toluene or xylene.
4. Zinc acrylate forming the crystals thereof having a long axis of not less than 5 $\mu\text{m}$  and an aspect ratio in the range of 1 - 30.
5. Zinc acrylate according to claim 4, further having a 50% particle diameter of not less than 6 $\mu\text{m}$ .
6. Zinc acrylate according to claim 4, wherein the ratio of passage of the crystals thereof through a sieve opening of 1 mm is not less than 90%.
7. Zinc acrylate according to claim 4, wherein the solid disintegrating load of the crystals thereof is not more than 1.0 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>.
8. Zinc acrylate according to claim 4, wherein the crystals thereof have a degree of compaction of not more than 50%.
9. A zinc acrylate composition, comprising the zinc acrylate set forth in any of claims 4 - 8 and a zinc salt

of a higher aliphatic acid of 12 - 30 carbon atoms.